

Aldehyde Dehydrogenase Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit (Catalog #K731-100; 100 assays; Store Kit at -20°C)

- I. Introduction:**
The NAD-dependent Aldehyde Dehydrogenase (ALDH) plays a vital role in cellular detoxification. It oxidizes various aldehydes and generates the corresponding carboxylic acid. ALDH have been found in every cellular compartment. Based on its structure and function, ALDH comprises 3 major classes in mammals: Class 1 and Class 3 (the tumor form) are located in the cytosol and include both constitutive and induced forms; Class 2 is located in the mitochondria and only exists as the constitutive form. In humans, the ALDH superfamily consists of 19 genes. The mutation of ALDH genes (loss of function) causes human diseases such as Type II hyperprolinemia, pyridoxine-dependent seizure and hyperammonemia. Recent studies show that increased ALDH activity leads to several types of malignancies, serves as a cancer stem cell marker and correlates with poor prognosis. Therefore the early detection of ALDH activity levels can be prognostic and guide the therapeutic strategies. The Bio/Vision Aldehyde Dehydrogenase (ALDH) Activity Assay Kit is a simple, fast and reliable method to quantify the ALDH enzymatic activity. In this assay, acetaldehyde is oxidized by ALDH generating NADH which then reduces a colorless probe to a colored product with strong absorbance at 450 nm. The assay can detect < 0.5 mU of ALDH activity (based on our unit definition) in a variety of samples.
- II. Kit Contents:**
- | Components | K731-100 | Cap Code | Part Number |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| ALDH Assay Buffer | 25 ml | WM | K731-100-1 |
| Acetaldehyde | 0.5 ml | Blue | K731-100-2 |
| ALDH Substrate Mix (Lyophilized) | 1 vial | Red | K731-100-3 |
| ALDH Positive Control (Lyophilized) | 1 vial | Green | K731-100-4 |
| NADH Standard (0.5 μmol, Lyophilized) | 1 vial | Yellow | K731-100-5 |
- III. Storage and Handling:**
Store kit at -20°C, protect from light. Let ALDH Assay Buffer warm to room temperature before use. Briefly centrifuge all small vials prior to opening.
- IV. Reagent Preparation and Storage Conditions:**
ALDH Substrate Mix: Reconstitute with 220 μl ALDH Assay Buffer. Pipette up and down to completely dissolve. Store at -20°C. Use within two months.
ALDH Positive Control: Reconstitute with 220 μl assay buffer. Pipette up and down to completely dissolve, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycle.
NADH Standard: Reconstitute with 500 μl dH₂O to generate 1 mM NADH. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
- V. ALDH Assay Protocol:**
- NADH Standard Curve:** Add 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 μl into a 96 well plate in duplicate to generate 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 nmol/well standard. Adjust the volume to 50 μl/well with ALDH Assay Buffer.
 - Sample Preparation:** Liquid samples can be measured directly. Tissue (50 mg) or cells (1 x 10⁷) should be rapidly homogenized with ~ 200 μl ice cold ALDH Assay Buffer for 10 minutes on ice, then spun down at 12000 rpm for 5 min to remove nuclei and insoluble material. Add 1 - 50 μl of the collected supernatant into a 96 well plate and adjust the final volume to 50 μl with ALDH Assay Buffer.
- Notes:** For unknown samples, we suggest testing several doses of your samples to ensure the readings are within the Standard Curve range. NADH in samples will generate a background reading. Background readings can be corrected by omitting the Acetaldehyde in the Reaction Mix as a background control. For the optional Positive Control use 5 - 10 μl, then adjust the final well volume to 50 μl with Assay Buffer

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

3. **Reaction Mix:** Mix enough reagent for the number of samples and standards to be run: For each well, prepare a total 50 μl Reaction Mix containing:

	ALDH Measurement	Background Control
ALDH Assay Buffer	43 μl	48 μl
ALDH Substrate Mix	2 μl	2 μl
Acetaldehyde	5 μl	---

Add 50 μl of the Reaction Mix to each well containing the Standard, test samples and background controls, mix well.

4. **Measurement:** Incubate at room temperature for 5 min and measure the OD of samples and sample backgrounds at 450 nm (A₁ & A₁₂) then measure OD at 450nm (A₂ & A₁₂) again after 20 - 60 min depending on the ALDH activity in the samples. The NADH standards can be measured at the end point. We suggest measuring the samples in a kinetic mode (every 2 - 3 min) and picking the linear range within the NADH Standard Curve.
5. **Calculation:** Subtract the 0 Standard reading from all Standard readings and plot the Standard Curve. Apply sample ΔOD 450nm [(A₂ - A₁₂) - (A₁ - A₁₂)] to the Standard Curve to get B nmol of NADH generated during the reaction time (ΔT= T₂ - T₁).

ALDH activity = (B/(ΔT X V)) x Dilution Factor = nmol/min/ml = mU/ml

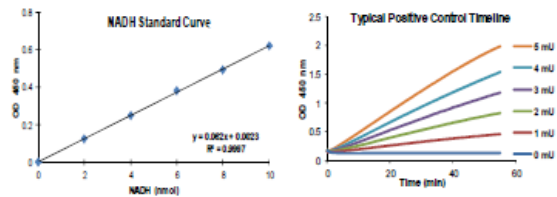
Where: B is the amount of NADH generated by your sample (nmol).

ΔT is the reaction time (min).

V is the sample volume used in the reaction well (ml).

Sample ALDH activities can also be expressed in mU/mg of sample, if total protein/ml is known.

Unit Definition: One unit is the amount of enzyme that will generate 1.0 μmol of NADH per min at pH 8 at room temperature.



VI. RELATED PRODUCTS:

PicoProbe™ ALDH Activity Assay Kit
Asparaginase Activity Assay Kit
Glucose Dehydrogenase Activity Assay Kit
Alcohol Dehydrogenase Activity Assay Kit
Signal Transduction Pathway Products
Cytokines and Growth Factors

LDH Activity Assay Kit
Glutamate Dehydrogenase Activity Assay Kit
Isocitrate Dehydrogenase Activity Assay Kit
Stem Cell Fate Regulators
Protein Kinases
Metabolism Assay Kits